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Jelly System



Ricardo Bello Dias



Jelly is an elaborate set of modular seating and tables that create a collaborative environment in complete harmony. Thea playful, rounded shapes complement each other in a unique design language, inspired by the vision of Ricardo Bello Dias, architect and curator of F.WAY. Jelly's seating and tables can be configured in curved or straight shapes to fit a wide range of projects. Basic assembly principles

As a modular system of seating and tables, each seat or table occupies one or two spaces over the metal frame, depending on its length.

one person





two person



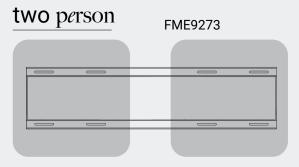


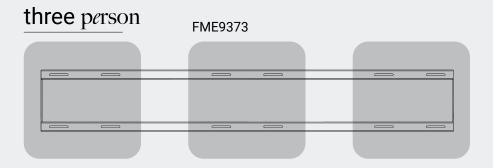
There are three different lengths of frames for straight seats. For one, two or three seating positions:

one person





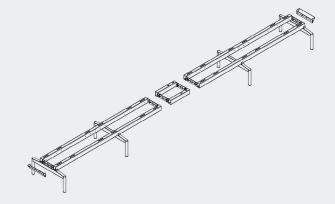




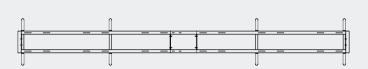
The following example uses 2 straight frames with 3 seating positions each. It could also be used 3 frames with 2 seating positions each. However, although this would work, it is not the optimal setup for the sofa.

It means that, finding the optimal setup for a specific layout is part of the *Project*.





This *setup*, as you can see, could also be achieved using either three or four feet.



Besides the straight frames, there are 2 *different* curved frames. A little one and a bigger one. They are applied together with curved seats and tables.

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smaller curve





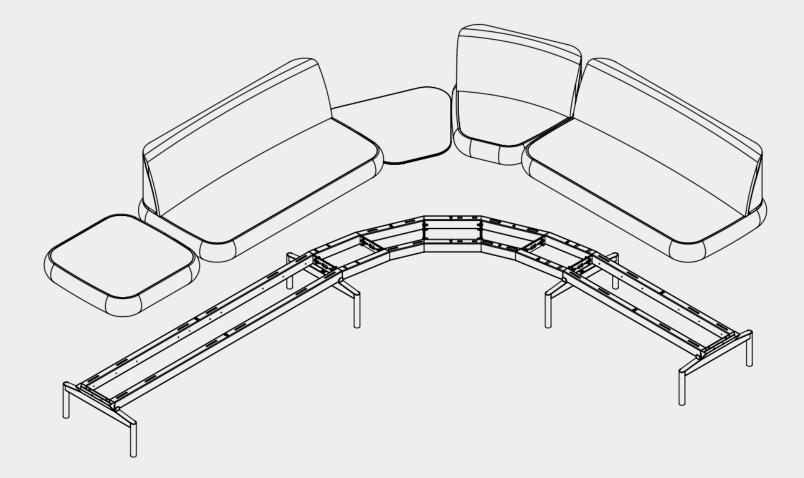
FME9573

larger curve

FME9773

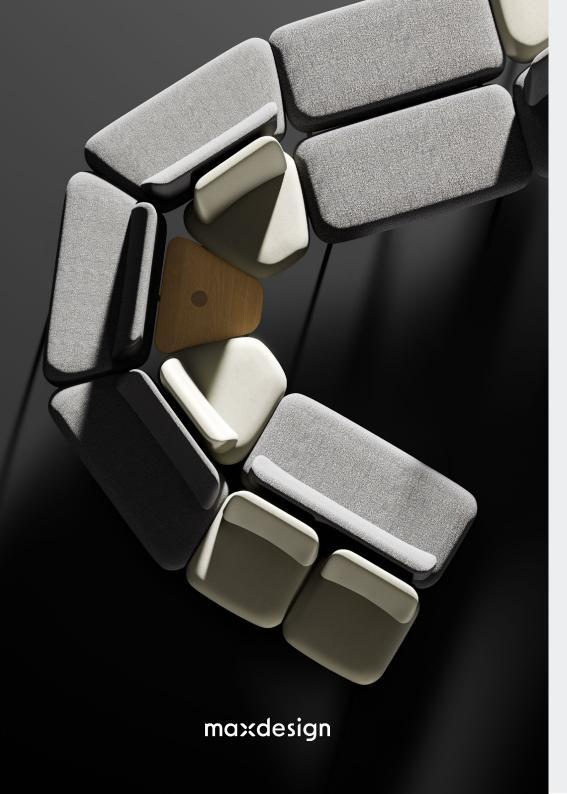


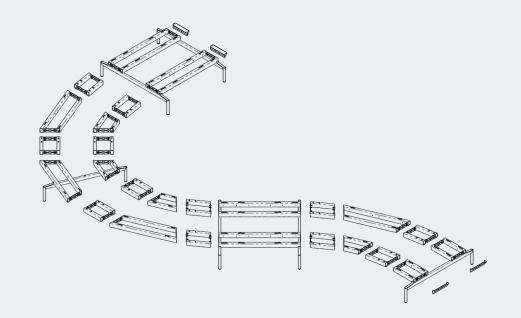




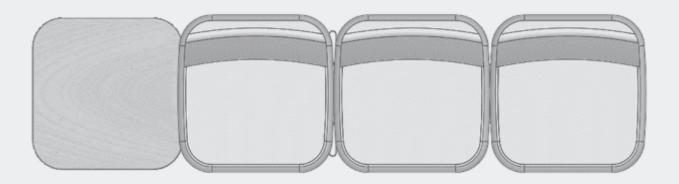
In the following example, two smaller curved frames are being used in the metal base assembly.

Connections and feet

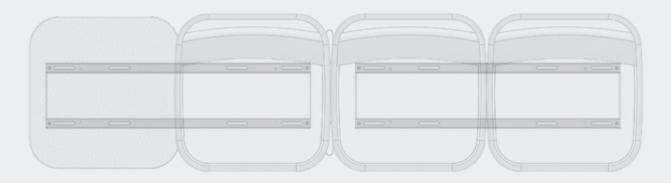




In order to connect metal frames there are some connecting parts. Each one has a particular application.

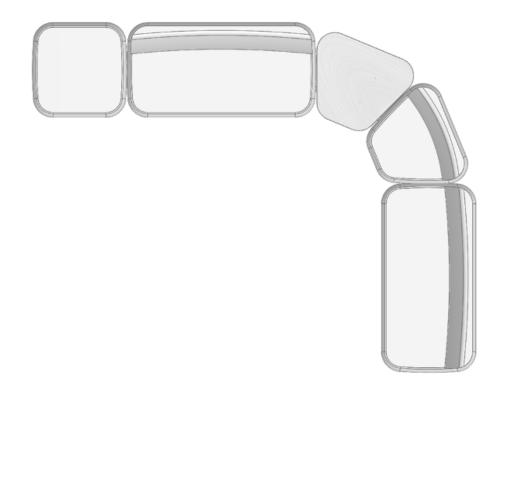


But first things first. Let's review the foremost step of the assembly, which is...



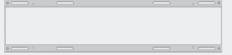
Identifying the metal frames necessary for each structure.

Can you identify the optimal frames for this setup?



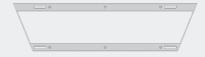




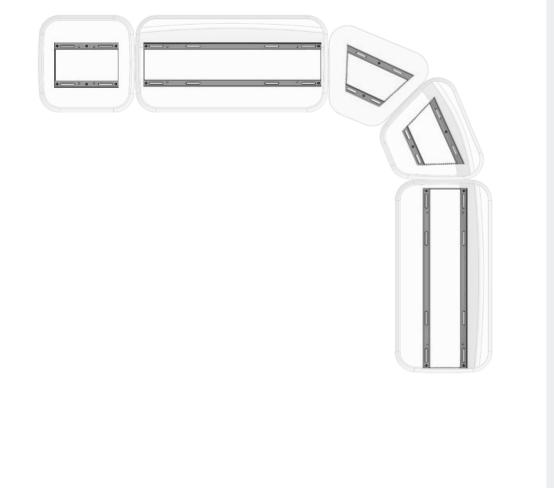




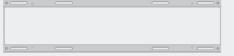




If you choose as it follows it would work, but there is a more optimal way for this setup.

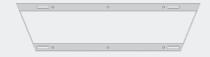














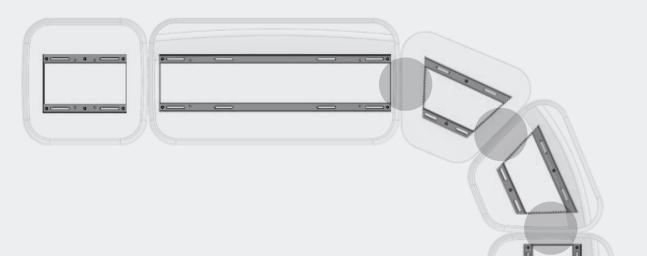
A right choice can mean the following possible results:

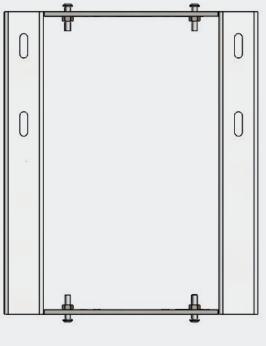
1 - Fewer components and consequently lower cost;

2 - Better symmetry;

3 - More resistance.

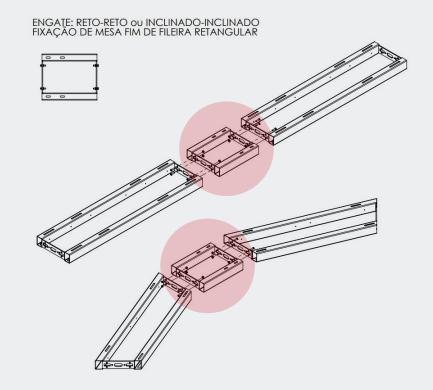
After identifying the metal frames we can fill the gaps with the right connecting parts.



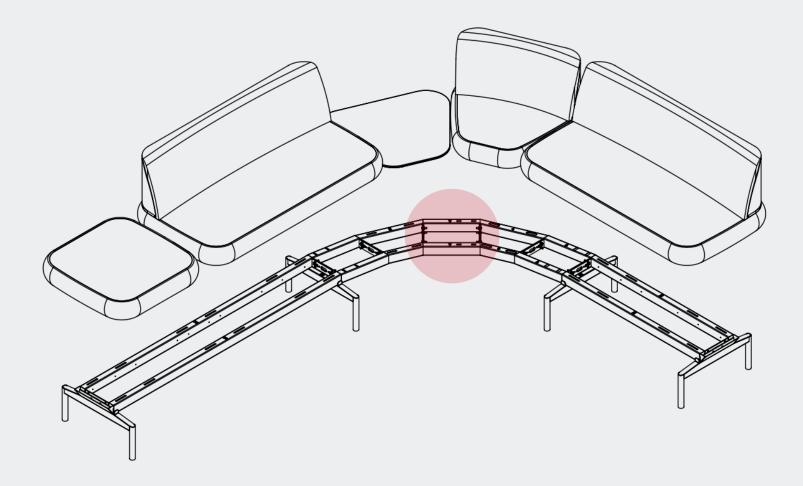


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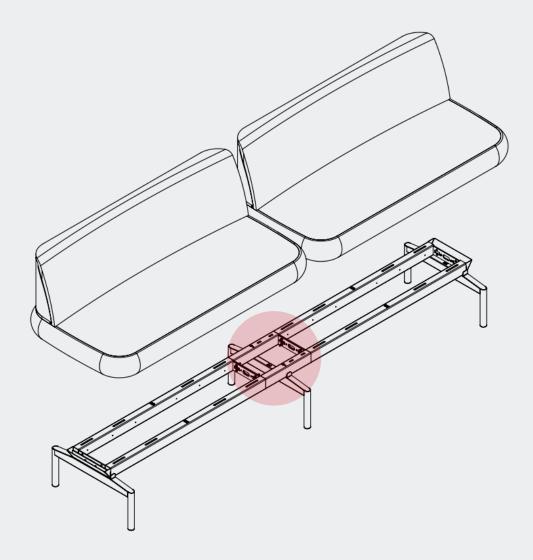
The first connecting part is very *si*milar to the one seat frame. It is used to connect similar structures.



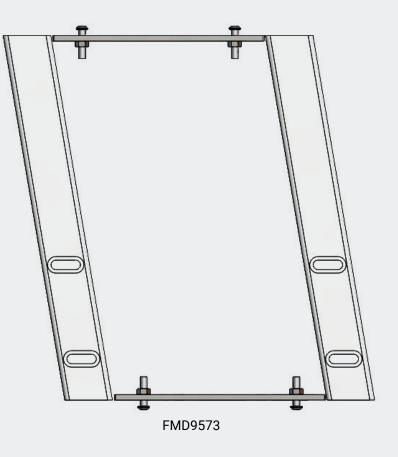
That means either a couple of straight frames or a couple of curved frames.



In the following example, the first connecting part is being used between two smaller curved frames.

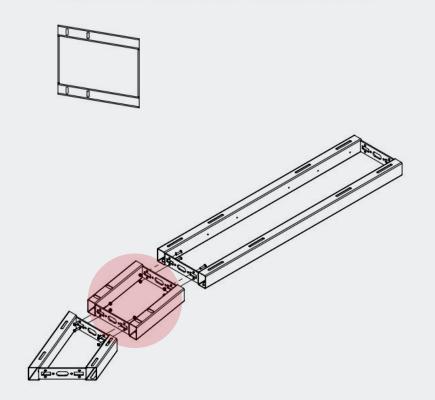


But it also can be used between two straight frames.

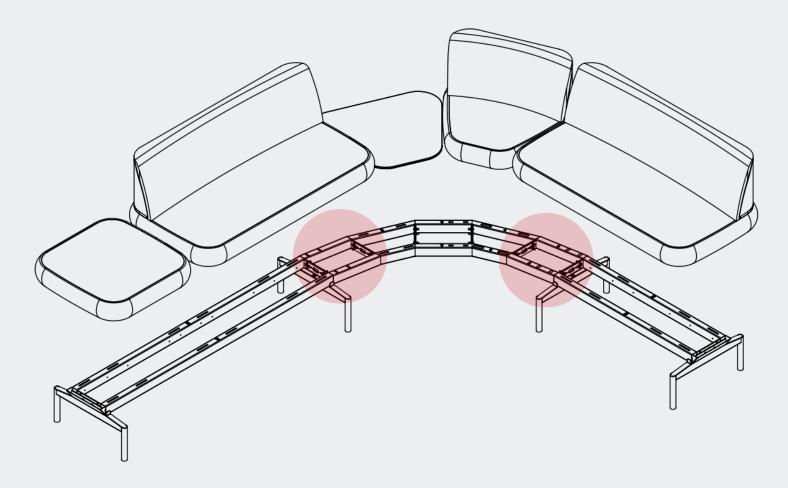


The second connecting part can be identifyed by its *inclination*. Furthermore, it is used to connect non-similar structures.

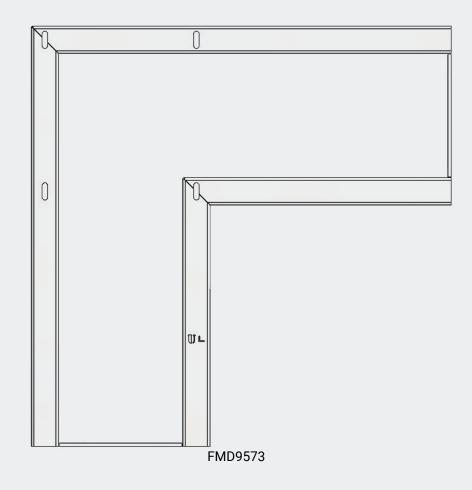
ENGATE: RETO-INCLINADO FIXAÇÃO DE MESA FIM DE FILEIRA TRAPEZOIDAL



That means between a straight frame and a curved frame.



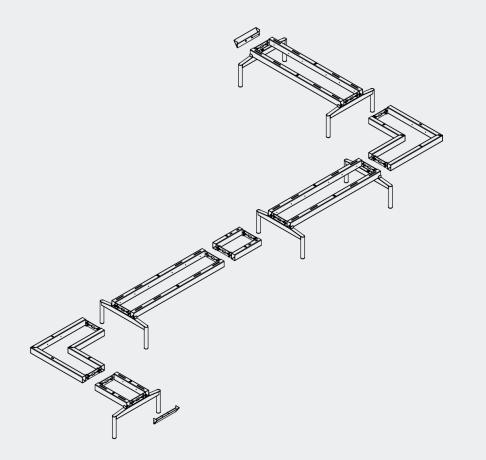
In the following example, the second connecting part is being used in the *transition* between straight and curved frames.



Finally, the last connecting part has a very special feature.

It is used to connect two straight frames in 90°.

The special feature of the 90° connecting part is that it is Always used with a square table. It is not possible to use a seat over this connection, because it receives no feet.



Example of a d*i*fferent usage for the 90° connecting part.

We got it about the connecting parts, but what about the feet?



In the Jelly System, the feet have two distinct functions: to support the sofa at the proper height for seating and to connect back-to-back structures.

The two smaller feet are used only to sustain the Sofa in the right height for seating.

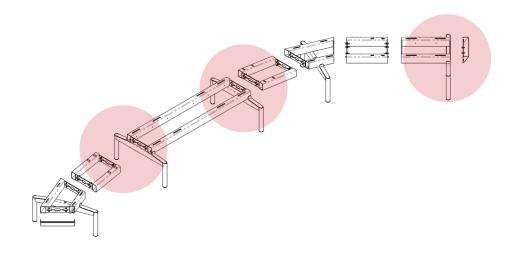


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FMZ9573 FMZ9574

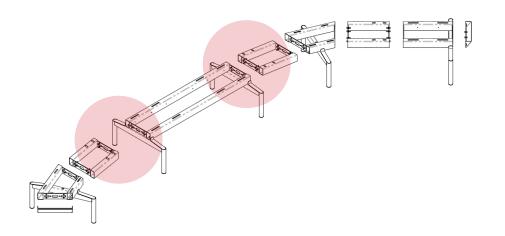
The first smaller feet is used on straight frames. Can you identify them in the example below:





FMZ9173 FMZ9174

The second smaller feet is used on curved frames. Can you identify them in the example below?





FMZ9573 FMZ9574



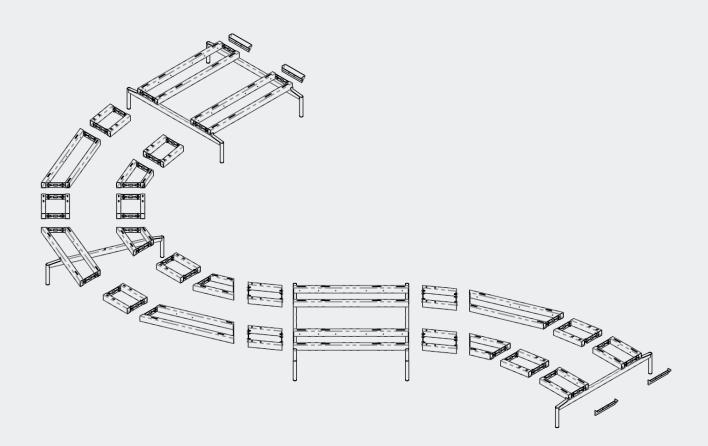
The two larger feet are used to support the Sofa and connect the frames in back-to-back positions. The first larger foot is for straight frames, and the second is for curved frames.

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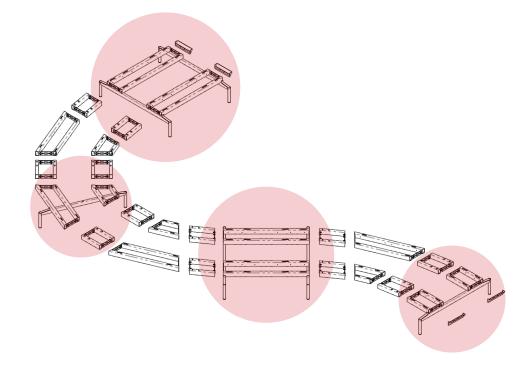


*I considered two models of smaller feet, but ther are actually four models, because there are two options of height for each usage.

The following example uses both bigger feet models. Can you identify them?



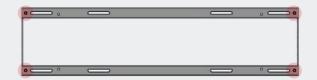
The following example uses both bigger feet models.





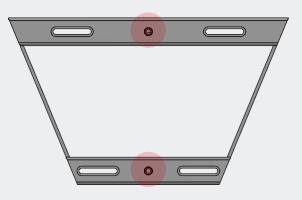
Each metal frame has specific positions where feet can be attached. It was carefully designed to meet many setups. However, not every feet setup is possible. It's important to pay attention to it.



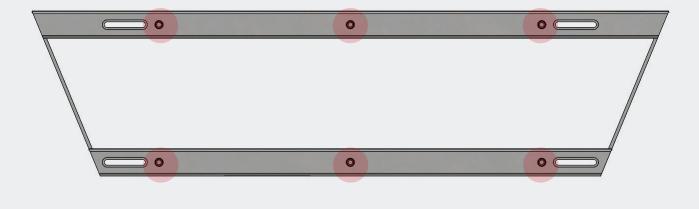


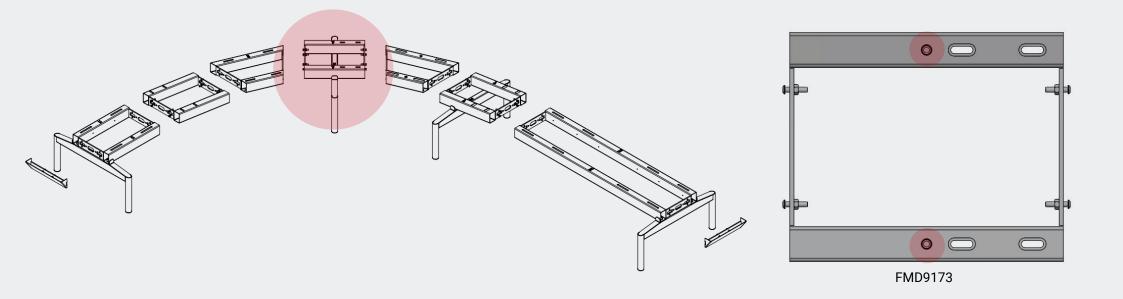
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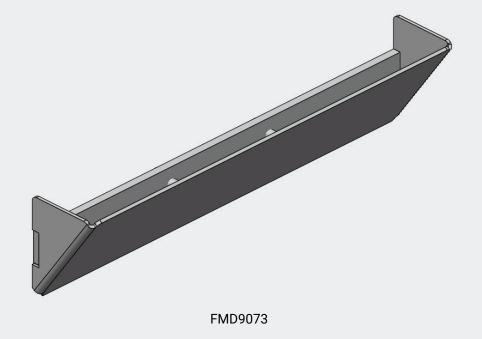
Each metal frame have specific positions where feet can be attached.

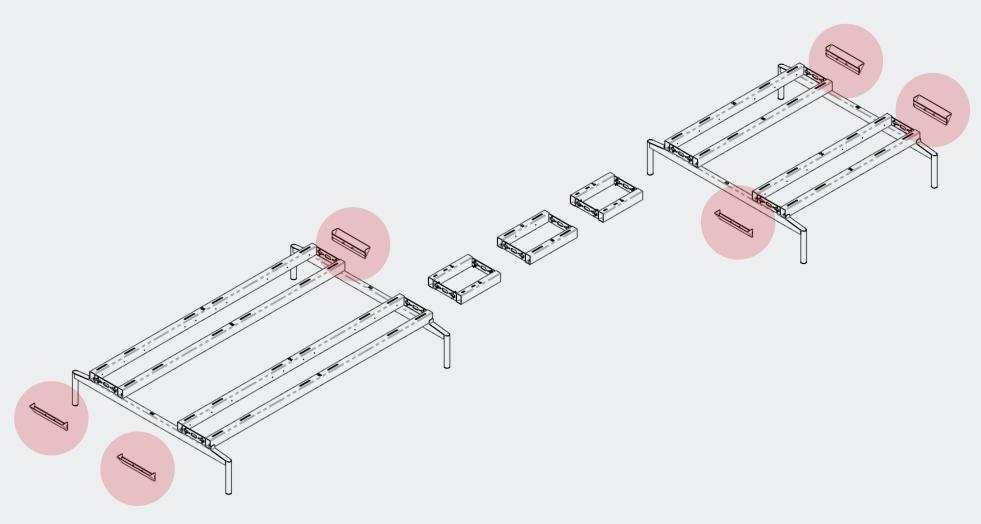




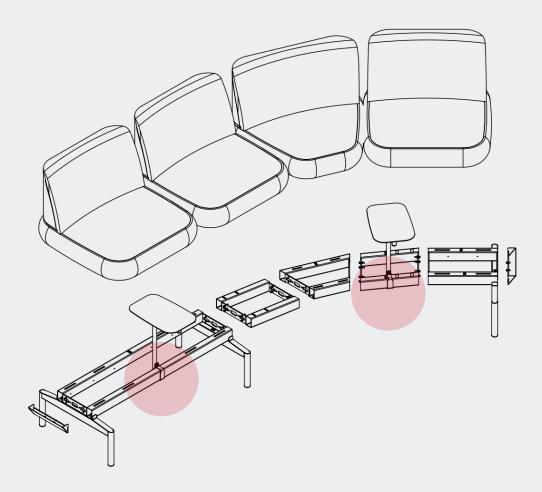
Different of the other connections, the connection part for similar frames can also receive feet. In the example bellow, we can see a usage for this *feature*. Finishing and accessories

Each end of a frame that does not receive a connection part will receive a finishing part.

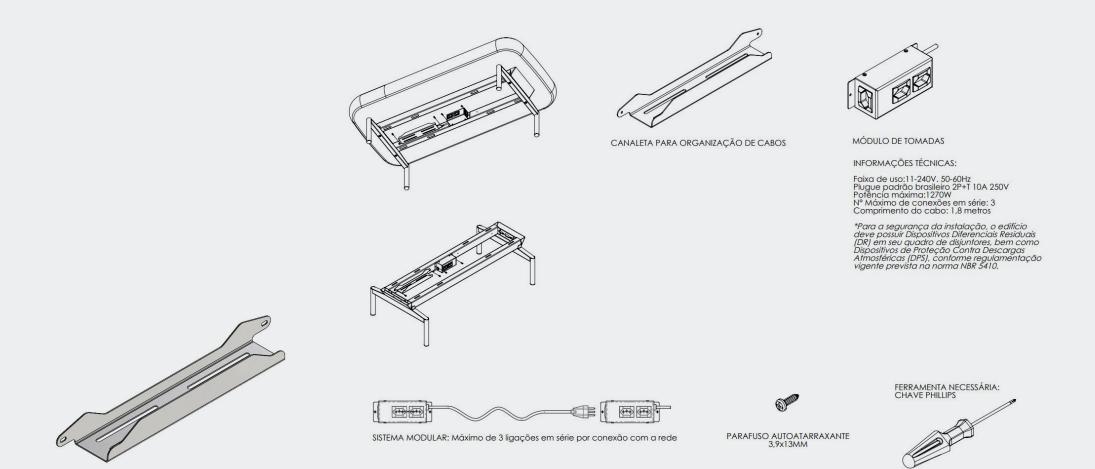




Each end of a frame that does not receive a connection part will receive a *finishing part*.

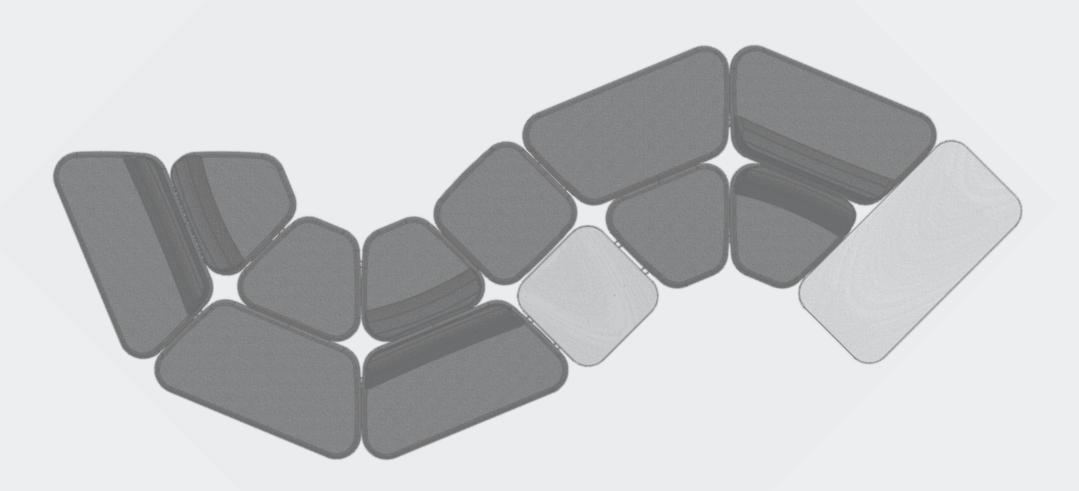


There is also a *ar*ticulated *ta*ble, which can only be used between two seats. It can be fixed in a metal frame or in a connection part.

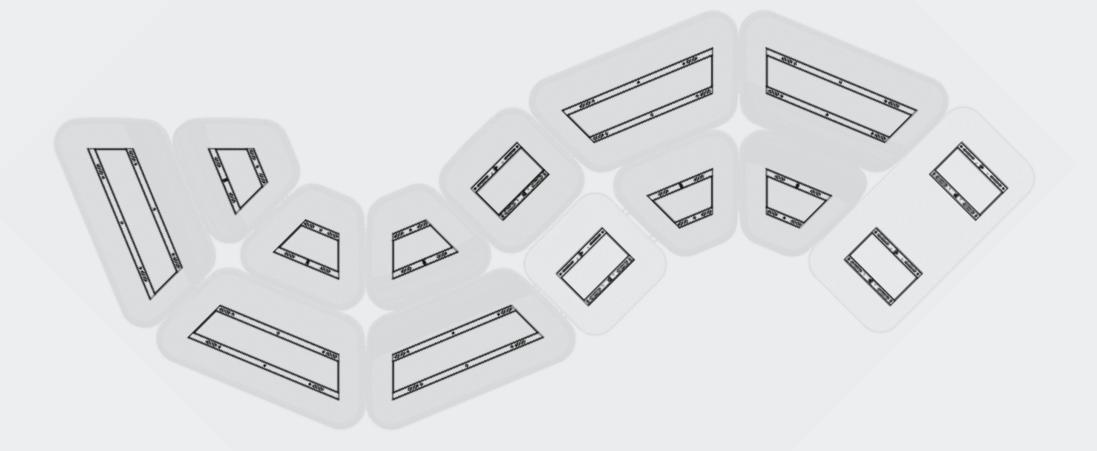


A cable organizer is used when the sofa has electrification and USB sockets. It can be fixed inside metal frames.

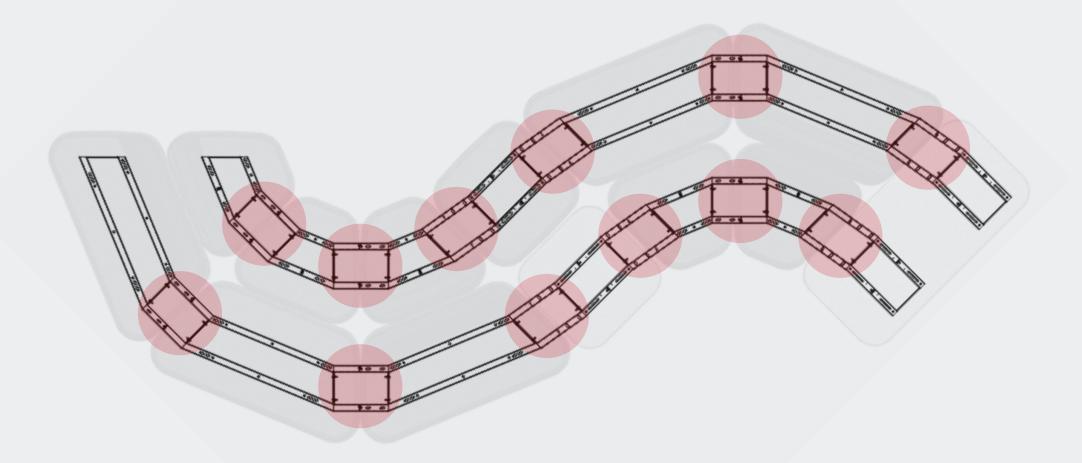
Assembly of more *complex* structures



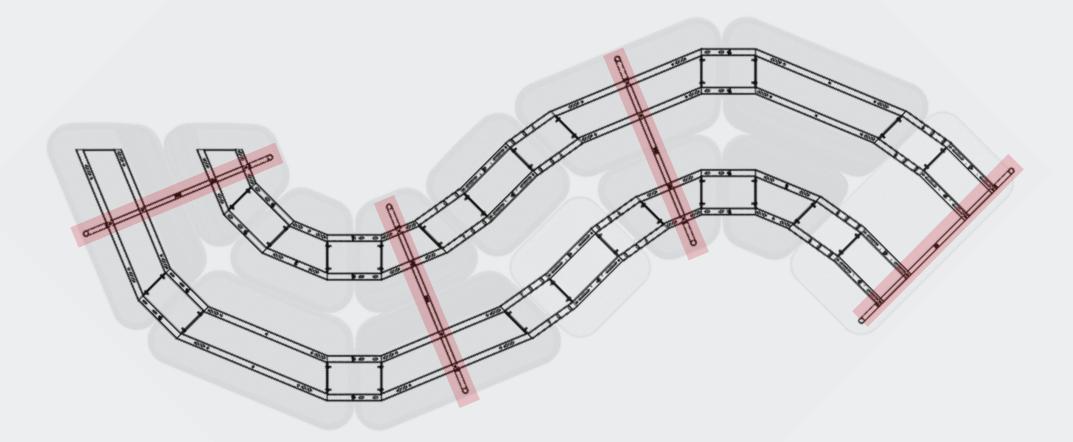
The process is the same for every setup.



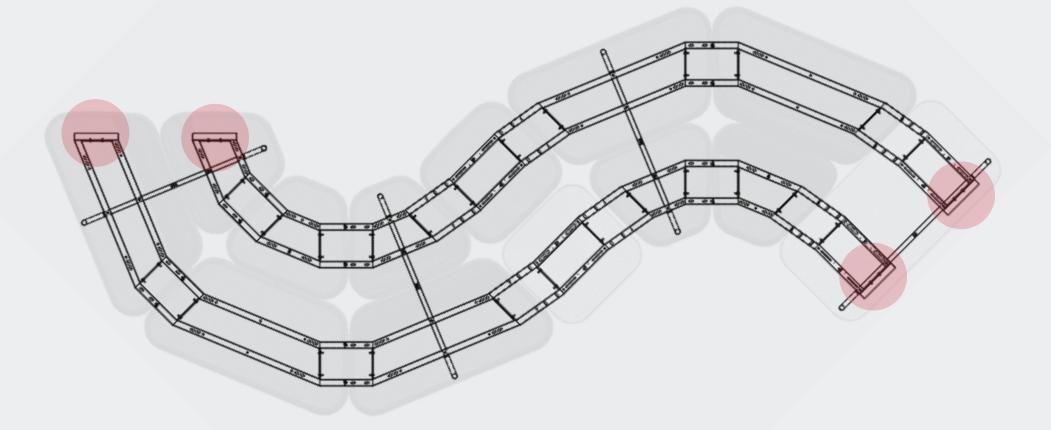
Find the correct metal frames;



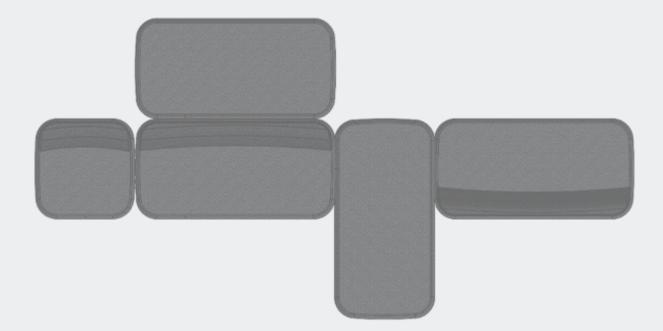
Find the correct metal frames. Fill the gaps with the necessary connection parts.



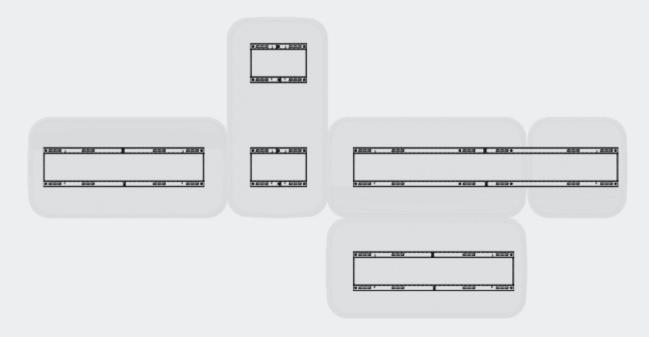
Find the correct metal frames; Fill the gaps with the necessary connection parts; Place the feet in the right places to sustain the sofa and to connect metal frames;



Find the correct metal frames; Fill the gaps with the necessary connection parts; Place the feet in the right places to sustain the sofa and to connect metal frames; Place the finishing parts.

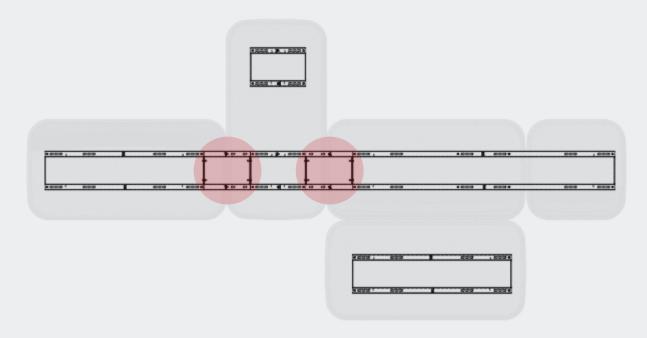


Is it possible to assemble the following example? That's a difficult one. Lets give it a try.



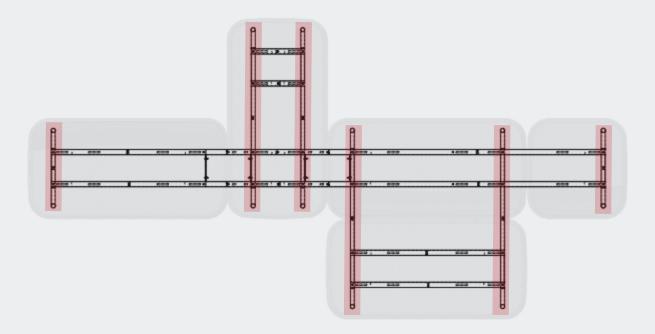
*The choice can be tricky due to the available positions for fixing the feet.

01 - Find the correct metal frames;

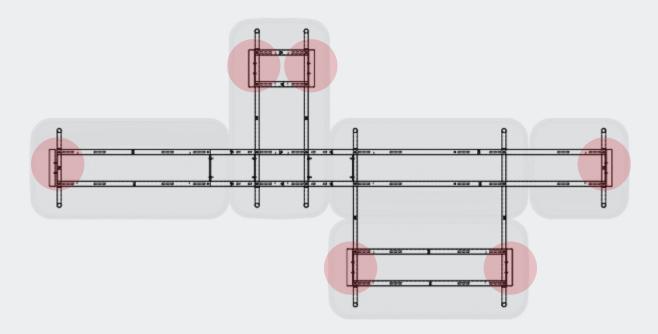


01 - Find the correct metal frames;

02 - Fill the gaps with the necessary connection parts;



01 - Find the correct metal frames;
02 - Fill the gaps with the necessary connection parts;
03 - Place the feet in the right places to sustain the sofa and to connect metal frames;



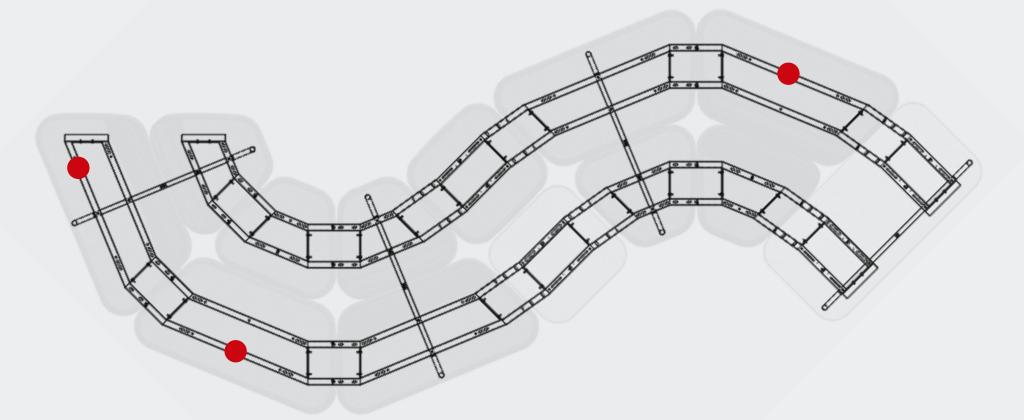
01 - Find the correct metal frames; 02 - Fill the gaps with the necessary connection parts; 03 - Place the feet in the right places to sustain the sofa and to connect metal frames; 04 - Place the finishing parts

Minor improvement

With the aim of improving the resistance of the metal structure in different applications, it was developed a *re*inforcement feet, which must be placed in strategic positions.



FMZ9773



In the following example, the reinforcement feet would be placed in the positions of least resistance to load.

Thank you for your time

Inspire. Create. Deliver.



